## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



## Synthetic Jet Fuel Blend Component Hydrogenated Esters and Fatty Acids

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Synthetic Jet Fuel Blend Component Hydrogenated Esters and Fatty Acids

**EC number** : 931-082-4

**REACH Registration number** 

Registration number	Legal entity
01-2119850115-46-0000	-

**CAS number** : 2252265-89-5

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Material uses : Fuel additive.

**Identified uses** 

Distribution of substance

Formulation and (re)packing of substances and mixtures

Use as a fuel

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier : Kuwait Petroleum International Aviation Company (UK) LTD

Duke's Court, Duke Street GU21 5GH Woking, Surrey

**United Kingdom** 

Tel. +44 (0) 01483 757747

e-mail address of person

responsible for this SDS : SDSinfo@Q8.com, communication preferably in English only.

PCN Information contact : PCNinfo@Q8.com, communication preferably in English only.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

United Kingdom (UK) : +44 (0) 1235 239 670 Global (English only) : +44 (0) 1865 407 333

National advisory body/Poison Centre

United Kingdom (UK) : Contact CareChem24 (see above).

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mono-constituent substance

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS Category 3 H226 ASPIRATION HAZARD Category 1 H304

CARECHEM24

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

Ingredients of unknown

toxicity

: None.

Ingredients of unknown : None.

ecotoxicity

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 29-10-2025 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 1/14

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Precautionary statements** 

Prevention : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

Response : P301 + P310, P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or

doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.

**Storage** : Not applicable.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

articles

: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and : Not applicable.

**Special packaging requirements** 

Containers to be fitted

with child-resistant

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	νP	vB
No	N/A	N/A	No	N/A	N/A	N/A

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1 Substances : Mono-constituent substance

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
Renewable hydrocarbons (kerosene type fraction)	EC: 931-082-4 CAS: 2252265-89-5	100	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared	[1]
			above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier, are classified and contribute to the classification of the substance and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

[1] Constituent

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact**: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention.

**Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen

tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact**: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out

mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing :

media

: Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Date of issue/Date of revision: 29-10-2025Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 1

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous combustion products

: No specific data.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 29-10-2025 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 4/14

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### **Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds**

### **Danger criteria**

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonnes	50000 tonnes

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

: Not available. Recommendations **Industrial sector specific** : Not available. solutions

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

## procedures

**Recommended monitoring**: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres -Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name

Result

Date of issue/Date of revision : 29-10-2025 5/14 Date of previous issue Version :1 : No previous validation

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Renewable hydrocarbons (kerosene type fraction)

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal** 

42 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

**DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation** 

147 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

#### **PNECs**

Not available.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures
Eye/face protection

- : Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.
- : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

## Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Recommended: < 1 hour (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber 0.17 mm.

### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to British Standard BS EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: Boiling point > 65 °C: A1; Boiling point < 65 °C: AX1; Hot material: A1P2. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with the European standard EN14387.

## **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 29-10-2025 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 6/14

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. [Mobile liquid.]

**Appearance** : Not available.

Colour : Clear **Odour** Mild.

: Not available. **Odour threshold** 

: <-40°C (<-40°F) [IP 529] Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

: 115 to 300°C (239 to 572°F) [ASTM D 86]

Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Flash point

: Not available. : Not available.

: Closed cup: >38°C (>100.4°F) [IP 170]

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

200 to 215°C (392 to 419°F)

**Decomposition temperature** 

: Not available.

pН

: Not applicable.

**Viscosity** 

: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <7 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (<7 cSt) [EN ISO 3104]

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
water	Not soluble

Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : >6.2 [OECD 117]

water

Vapour pressure : <0.1 kPa (<0.75006 mm Hg)

**Evaporation rate** : Not available.

**Density** : 0.73 to 0.77 g/cm3 [ASTM D 4052]

: Not available. Vapour density : Not applicable. **Explosive properties** : Not applicable. **Oxidising properties** 

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

### 9.2 Other information

Not available.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. 10.1 Reactivity

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 29-10-2025 7/14 Date of previous issue Version: 1 : No previous validation

Synthetic Jet Fuel Blend Component Hydrogenated Esters and Fatty Acids

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

 Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

N/A

### **Skin corrosion/irritation**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Prolonged or

repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or

dermatitis.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Respiratory corrosion/irritation**

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Germ cell mutagenicity**

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 29-10-2025 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 8/14

Synthetic Jet Fuel Blend Component Hydrogenated Esters and Fatty Acids

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

**Aspiration hazard** 

Product/ingredient name Result

Renewable hydrocarbons (kerosene type

fraction)

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contactInhalationNo known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation.

**Ingestion** : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation dryness cracking

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 29-10-2025Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 1

Synthetic Jet Fuel Blend Component Hydrogenated Esters and Fatty Acids

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Other information**

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Not available.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Renewable hydrocarbons (kerosene type fraction)	>6.2	-	High

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

coefficient

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB.

**12.6 Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

### **Product**

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** 

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 29-10-2025 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 10/14

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1863	UN1863	UN1863	UN1863
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE	FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE	FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE	Fuel, aviation, turbine engine
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

**Additional information** 

ADR/RID : Hazard identification number 30

> Limited quantity 5 L Special provisions 664 Tunnel code (D/E)

**IMDG Emergency schedules** F-E, S-E

Special provisions 223

**IATA Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions:

355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344.

Special provisions A3

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture **UK (GB)/REACH** 

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Date of issue/Date of revision 11/14 : 29-10-2025 Version: 1 Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Synthetic Jet Fuel Blend Component Hydrogenated Esters and Fatty Acids

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**Ozone depleting substances** 

Not listed.

**Prior Informed Consent (PIC)** 

Not listed.

**Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

## Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
Renewable hydrocarbons (kerosene type fraction)	100	3

Labelling : Not applicable.

**Seveso Directive** 

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**Danger criteria** 

Category
P5c

**EU regulations** 

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Germany - Hazard class : 1

for water (WGK)

Switzerland - VOC : Exempt.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

**Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

**Inventory list** 

Australia : Not determined.

**Canada** : This material is listed or exempted.

China : Not determined.

**Eurasian Economic Union**: Russian Federation inventory: This material is listed or exempted.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 29-10-2025 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 12/14

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand : Not determined.
Philippines : Not determined.
Republic of Korea : Not determined.
Taiwan : Not determined.
Thailand : Not determined.
Turkey : Not determined.

United States of America : This material is active or exempted.

Viet Nam : Not determined.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: Not available.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

DIN = German Institute for Standardization DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EC = European Commission

EC50 = Half maximal effective concentration

EN = European Standard (Norm)

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

GHS - Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IC50 = Half maximal inhibitory concentration IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods IMO = International Maritime Organisation

ISO = International Organization for Standardization

LC50 = Median lethal concentration

LD50 = Median lethal dose

LOAEL / LOAEC = Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level / Concentration MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

NOAEL / NOAEC = No Observed Adverse Effect Level / Concentration

NOEL / NOEC = No Observed Effect Level / Concentration

OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

OEL = Occupational Exposure Limit

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006]

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

SDS = Safety Data Sheet

STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit

SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern

TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time Weighted Average

Date of issue/Date of revision : 29-10-2025 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 13/14

Synthetic Jet Fuel Blend Component Hydrogenated Esters and Fatty Acids

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

UK CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments UN = United Nations

VOC = Volatile Organic Compound

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
•	Expert judgment Expert judgment

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Full text of classifications

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

Training advice :

Date of printing : 29-10-2025 Date of issue/ Date of : 29-10-2025

revision

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Version : 1

Prepared by : Kuwait Petroleum Research & Technology B.V., The Netherlands

### **Notice to reader**

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 29-10-2025 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 14/14